China after their surveillance plane made an emergency landing in Chinese territory when they collided with a Chinese fighter jet. Our hearts and our prayers go out to these young men and women and their families.

One of those crew members is a young man from the district I represent. His name is Josef Edmunds and he is from Long Beach. Perhaps China does not realize how profoundly concerned all Americans are about the well-being of their service men and women. On behalf of Josef Edmunds and his family, I submit this article that appeared in today's edition of the Long Beach Press-Telegram expressing the personal concern and uncertainty that this family-like all the others-is experiencing as a result of this incident.

Mr. Speaker, my fellow Members of Congress and I urge the Chinese government to immediately release our service men and women so that they may return home safely.

L.B. FAMILY OF CREW MEMBER FULL OF HOPE (By Wendy Thomas Russell)

Long Beach.—Josef Edmunds, one of 24 Navy crew members being held in China since their surveillance plane made an emergency landing Sunday, was described by his Long Beach mother as "a very courageous young man" captivated by "the idea of putting on a uniform and standing up for his country.

"I think," Amanda De Jesus said Tuesday, "he's always had a little streak of heroism." De Jesus and her husband, Alfredo, said they were waiting anxiously but patiently for contact from Edmunds, a 30-year-old cryp-

tographer and Chinese interpreter.
"It's just a waiting game," said Alfredo De Jesus, a teacher at La Estrella Argentine Tango and Dance School in Long Beach. "We have high hopes that it's going to be over soon without any duress to him at least that's what we hope."

Edmunds and his crewmates have been kept at a military base on China's Hainan Island since Sunday, when their surveillance plane was forced to land after colliding midair with a Chinese jet fighter. The crew is safe, but U.S. officials have expressed concern that the Chinese may have gained insight into classified surveillance systems by tampering with the plane's equipment."

"I really don't worry that much" about the safety of crew members, Alfredo De Jesus said, "because I know that they're not going to be abused, and it's just a political game. It's just politics."

Amanda De Jesus said she moved to Long Beach about five years ago, after both her sons had grown, but Edmunds still visits her here when he's on leave.

She said she was caught off guard when she got the phone call from the Navy on Sunday; she didn't have a clue that Edmunds would be on a plane over China in the first place. The Navy immediately told her Edmunds was safe, however, so there was no time for panic.

Edmunds, who is stationed in Japan, joined the Navy about eight years ago, shortly after the birth of his first daughter, Sierra. He had been living with his wife in Davis, near Sacramento, and holding down three jobs at the time, his mother said.

The first job was at a car dealership, the second at a pizza place, and "I don't even remember what the third job was," she said.

One day, Edmunds dropped everything and walked into a recruiter's office.

His colorblind eyes ruled out any chance of being a Navy pilot, so he chose an area wellknown in his family: foreign-language interpretation.

His mother once taught French and Spanish, and his aunt is a Russian interpreter for the Air Force who also speaks fluent French and German.

Edmunds' hereditary language skills paid off. He learned Chinese and Cambodian and was transferred to several bases before landing in Japan

Edmunds is now divorced with four children three of whom, ages 8, 7 and 5, still live in Northern California. The fourth, a son, is only about 6 months old and lives with Edmunds' girlfriend in Texas, Amanda De Jesus said.

"He's a great guy," Edmunds' stepfather said. "He's really a good-spirited person. He's the kind of guy that you make friends with just in the moment. He really is.

Despite the stressful situation in China, Amanda De Jesus said she knows her son is acting courageously.

"He's always been gutsy," she said.
Once, while stationed in Texas, Edmunds was among a group of military men who volunteered hours and hours of their time to help people rebuild their tornado-torn houses after their military shifts had ended. He was given an award for his work, his mother said.

Edmunds told his friends that his mother would be "upset to know that he was working for no money.'

'But no." she said softly. "I was proud of

ON H. RES. 91 AND H. RES. 56

HON. FRANK R. WOLF

OF VIRGINIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. WOLF. Mr. Speaker, I regret that I was unable to speak on the floor yesterday when the resolutions on the human rights situation in China and Tibet and in Cuba were debated. I was attending a funeral in my district and on an official leave of absence.

I am an original co-sponsor of both of these resolutions and I am pleased that both were considered by the House.

Given the events in China this past week, it is important that the House adopted H. Res. 56 which expresses the sense of the House urging the appropriate representative of the U.S. to the United Nations Commission on Human Rights to introduce at the annual meeting in Geneva of the commission a resolution calling upon the People's Republic of China (PRC) to end its human rights violations in China and Tibet.

Mr. Speaker, we can look to the China section of the 2000 State Department's Annual Report on Human Rights to see the deplorable human rights record of the PRC: "The Government's poor human rights record worsened, and it continued to commit serious abuses." This same human rights report says that the "PRC is an authoritative state . . . [that] frequently interfere [s] in the judicial process, and the Party and the Government direct verdicts in many high-profile cases.

It is appropriate that the U.S. introduce this resolution at the U.N. because it is the right thing to do in the face of China's alarming human rights record as described further in the State Department human rights report:

. . . thousands of Falun Gong practitioners were sentenced to re-education throughlabor camps or incarcerated in mental institutions . . .

The government continued to commit widespread and well-documented human rights abuses . . . [such as] extrajudicial killings, the use of torture, forced confessions, arbitrary arrest and detention, the mistreatment of prisoners, lengthy incommunicado and denial of due process.

. 100 or more Falun Gong practitioners died as a result of torture and mistreatment in custody"

The Government's respect for religious freedom deteriorated markedly . . . as the Government conducted crackdowns against underground Christian groups and Tibetan Buddhists and destroyed many houses of worship.

It is appropriate that the U.S. introduce this resolution at the U.N. in light of China's detainment of 24 U.S. service personnel attached to the U.S. EP-3E aircraft. China's behavior throughout this incident should make the true nature of the Chinese Government clear-the regime in Beijing will abuse the rights of anyone, even U.S. service personnel who have to make an emergency landing on Chinese territory.

It is appropriate that the U.S. introduce this resolution at the U.N. in light of the fact that China has arrested a U.S. citizen, professor Li Shaomin. Professor Li has been detained by Chinese authorities since February 25. Professor Li's wife does not know why her husband has been detained.

It is appropriate that the U.S. introduce this resolution at the U.N. in light of the fact that China has detained and charged Ms. Gao Zhan, a permanent resident of the U.S. who lives in my congressional district. Ms. Gao is married to a U.S. citizen and is the mother of a U.S. citizen.

After detaining her husband Xue Donhua (now a U.S. citizen) and their 5-year old son Andrew (a U.S. citizen) for over a month, the government of China has now charged Ms. Gao Zhan with spying. I have met Mr. Xue and his son Andrew and talked about their incarceration. They are a wonderful family. Yet, Andrew was taken away and held separately from his parents for over a month. Andrew needs a mother and needs to be with his mother. What kind of government would separate a family like this? What kind of government would put a 5-year old child through this kind of ordeal?

Similarly, H. Res. 56 instructs the U.S. delegation at the U.N. Human Rights Commission in Geneva to obtain passage of a resolution condemning the Government of Cuba for its human rights abuses. As this resolution states, "the Castro regime systematically violates all of the fundamental civil and political rights of the Cuban people, denying freedoms of speech, press, assembly, movement, religion, and association, the right to change their government and the right to due process and fair

It is no accident that both the Cuban and Chinese governments are serious violators of religious freedom. As both Cuba and China are authoritarian regimes, nothing is more threatening to them than people of faith and conviction who are capable and willing to speak truth to power.

I am proud to co-sponsor both of these resolutions because the U.S. needs to be on the side of pursuing justice and of speaking truth to power. I am hopeful that the U.S. will lead in the efforts in Geneva to speak truth to the authoritarian regimes of Cuba and China.

MARRIAGE PENALTY AND FAMILY
TAX RELIEF ACT OF 2001

SPEECH OF

HON. STEVE ISRAEL

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, March 29, 2001

Mr. ISRAEL. Mr. Speaker, Getting married shouldn't mean saying 'I do;' to higher taxes. In my state of New York over one and a half million couples are burdened by the marriage penalty, nearly 60,000 in my district alone. This occurs when married couples pay more than an unmarried couple with the same income.

For example two individuals, living together, but not married, each with incomes of \$30,000—their combined standard deduction would be \$9,100 and their tax rate would be 15%. If that same couple got married, their standard deduction would drop to \$7,189 and they would move into the 28% tax rate. The only difference is that they got married.

We should eliminate this inequity by widening the 15% tax bracket to allow joint filers to have two times the income of individuals and still remain taxed at 15%. We should also double the standard deduction for joint filers to twice that of singles. We're talking about people who work hard and play by the rules. At a time when parents are working harder for less money, we need to encourage families, not punish them. Ending the marriage penalty is particularly urgent for the middle-class. This is a wrong that should have been righted a long time ago-making the tax code more fair while providing families with meaningful tax relief for the things that matter—buying a home, ensuring quality family medical care, and sending kids to college.

NAVY EP-3 AIRCRAFT IN CHINA

HON. SUSAN DAVIS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mrs. DAVIS of California. Mr. Speaker, the emergency landing of the Navy EP-3 aircraft in China demonstrates the nature of the risk that our service members endure each day. 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, brave men and women put themselves in the face of danger.

My heart goes out to those on the ground in China and to their families who anxiously await their return. I call on President Bush and President Jiang to engage in a dialogue that results in the quickest possible reunion of our Navy personnel and their families.

As we all wait, let us remember the dangers abroad and the sacrifices endured by our service members. Let us also remember the

demands that military service places on their IN RECOGNITION OF DR. EDWARD families. C. STONE, RETIRING DIRECTOR

I recently spoke with a young woman who had just recently married a young sailor. Until now, she had always expected her husband to return home each night. Now the impact of being a Navy wife hits home. There is always the possibility that "he may not come home."

RECOGNIZING DAVID WOLPER FOR HIS EXCELLENT WORK AND SUP-PORT TOWARD THE COMPLETION OF THE NAPA BOYS AND GIRLS CLUB

HON. MIKE THOMPSON

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. THOMPSON of California. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize renowned filmmaker and noted philanthropist David L. Wolper. His contributions have made the Napa community a better place for California's youth.

His invaluable aid was instrumental in the construction of the Napa Boys and Girls Club's new facility in the city of Napa. This important endeavor simply could not have been completed without his vital leadership. The new facility at 1515 Pueblo Avenue will be a great asset to the Napa community for many years to come.

Mr. Wolper is a member of the National Board of Directors of the Boys and Girls Club of America and is a member of the Boys and Girls Clubs of America Hall of Fame. In addition, David Wolper is a member of the Foundation Board of the Queen of the Valley Hospital in Napa and a member of the Board of the American Center for Wine, Food, and the Arts. He is an asset in so many ways to the community of Napa and the entire country.

Mr. Wolper, in his fifty years in show business, has made over 700 films, which have won more than 150 awards, including 3 Oscars, 50 Emmys, 7 Golden Globes, and 5 Peabodys. He has been specially recognized at the world's great film festivals for his lifetime achievements, and he has received the entertainment industry's two highest honors—the prestigious Jean Hersholt Humanitarian Oscar Award and was inducted into the Television Hall of Fame.

In addition to his many hours of professional and civic activity, he has remained a devoted husband, father, and grandfather. Mr. Wolper and his wife Gloria have three children—Mark, Michael, and Leslie Ann—and six grand-children.

Mr. Speaker, it is appropriate at this time that we recognize David L. Wolper for his commitment to building a brighter future for the youth of America.

IN RECOGNITION OF DR. EDWARD C. STONE, RETIRING DIRECTOR OF THE JET PROPULSION LAB-ORATORY

HON. ADAM SCHIFF

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. SCHIFF. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in recognition of Dr. Edward C. Stone, retiring Director of the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in Pasadena, California. After ten years of distinguished service at JPL, Dr. Stone will be returning to full-time teaching and research at the California Institute of Technology, where he has taught since 1967. Dr. Stone, the David Morrisroe Professor of Physics, has been widely regarded as an energetic and thoughtful leader at JPL.

Since his first cosmic-ray experiments on Discoverer satellites in 1961, Dr. Stone has been a principal investigator on nine NASA spacecraft missions and a co-investigator on five other NASA missions for which he developed high resolution instruments for measuring the isotopic and elemental composition of energetic cosmic-ray nuclei. Using these instruments, Dr. Stone and his colleagues undertook some of the first studies of the isotopic composition of three distinct samples of matter. During his tenure at JPL, Dr. Stone's many accomplishments include Galileo's fiveyear orbital mission to Jupiter, the launch of Assini to Saturn, as well as a new generation of Earth sciences satellites such as TOPEX/ Poseidon and SeaWinds, and the spectacularly successful Mars Pathfinder landing in 1997

He has transformed the direction of JPL from administering a few large projects to managing many new, smaller exploration missions. Dr. Stone's vision has revolutionized the way JPL does business, thus expanding its impact on the field of astrophysics and planetary science. He is a remarkable scientist, whose brilliance is coupled with his ability to lead. Dr. Stone exemplifies integrity, energy, and leadership, and his deep commitment to JPL and its goals has been the touchstone of the Laboratory's success. I would like to commend Dr. Stone for his extraordinary dedication and thank him for his decade of service.

INTRODUCTION OF THE CLEAN AIR INVESTMENT ACT

HON. KEN BENTSEN

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES Wednesday, April 4, 2001

Mr. BENTSEN. Mr. Speaker, well over 100 million Americans live in metropolitan, suburban, and even rural regions that are facing a serious environmental and economic problem—attainment of air quality standards of the Clean Air Act amendments of 1990. Arguably, the most pressing issue affecting my region's prosperity and quality of life is State Implementation Plans (SIP) to reduce nitrogen oxide emissions (NO $_{\rm X}$), which are causing the greater Houston area to exceed the EPA